Exam 11.12.2013

- 1. Two-state system. Consider N impurity atoms trapped in a solid lattice. Each impurity can have two energies, 0 and ϵ . Calculate entropy, equilibrium temperature and heat capacity C = dE/dT of the impurities.
- 2. Consider the statistics of a non-interacting gas of particles on energy states E_{ℓ} . On any given state, there can be up to p particles, i.e. the allowed occupation numbers are $n_{\ell}=0,1,\ldots,p$. The total energy of the system is then $E=\sum_{\ell}n_{\ell}E_{\ell}$. (These hypothetical particles are called anyons.)
 - (a) Calculate the grand canonical partition function.
 - (b) Calculate the average occupation number $\langle n_{\ell} \rangle$.
 - (c) Consider the limits p=1 and $p\to\infty$. What is $\langle n_\ell \rangle$ in these limits, and what are the corresponding statistics?

Hint: use the expression for finite geometric series:

$$\sum_{k=0}^{n} x^k = \frac{1 - x^{n+1}}{1 - x} \tag{1}$$

- 3. Use the canonical formalism to derive the heat capacity of a set of 3N quantum harmonic oscillators. Show that it reduces to the classical result $C_N=3Nk_B$ in the limit $T\to\infty$.
- 4. Consider a 1D random walker that moves one step to the right with probability p_1 , two steps to the right with probability p_2 and one step to the left with probability q on an infinite lattice with lattice spacing of L (see Fig. 1).
 - (a) What is the condition that q, p_1 and p_2 must satisfy? (1 p.)
 - (b) What is the condition that q, p_1 and p_2 must satisfy for there to be no particle drift (i.e. $\langle \Delta x \rangle = 0$) after N steps $(N \to \infty)$? (2 p.)
 - (c) Calculate the tracter diffusion coefficient when there is no drift. (3 p.)

Recall: $\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{-ax^2} dx = \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{a}}$

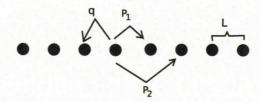


Figure 1: Random walk of question 4.