

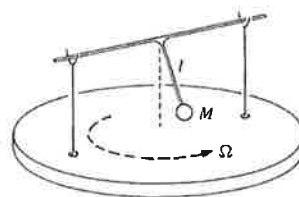
PHYS-E0413 Theoretical Mechanics
Midterm exam Friday 28.10.2016

1. Explain following concepts briefly (max 1p each)

- (a) Holonomic constraint
- (b) Virtual displacement
- (c) Action
- (d) Cyclic coordinate
- (e) Hamilton's equations
- (f) Phase space

2. A pendulum of mass M and length l is attached to a horizontal rod that is in turn attached from both ends to a carousel rotating at an angular velocity

- (a) Write Lagrangian for the pendulum (3p).
- (b) By assuming a small oscillation angle derive the oscillation period of the pendulum. At what angular velocity will the motion cease to be harmonic (i.e oscillatory)? (2p)
- (c) What happens for faster rotations and what does it imply for your assumption about small oscillation angles? (1p)



3. Show that constructing a new lagrangian L' from earlier one $L(q_1 \dots q_n, \dot{q}_1 \dots \dot{q}_n, t)$ by

$$L'(q_1 \dots q_n, \dot{q}_1 \dots \dot{q}_n, t) = L(q_1 \dots q_n, \dot{q}_1 \dots \dot{q}_n, t) + \frac{dF(q_1 \dots q_n, t)}{dt}, \quad (1)$$

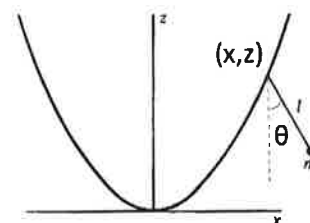
gives rise to same equations of motion.

4. Pendulum is suspended from a parabola $z = ax^2$ so that it can move on it. (System experiences gravity downwards.) By using the point of suspension and pendulum angle as generalized coordinates

a) Find the generalized/canonical momenta in terms of velocities (2p)

b) Find the Hamiltonian (4p)

Tip: You might want to define some functions to simplify your notation early on. Otherwise the expressions become long.



Remember to answer in english unless you have a special permission to use some other language. Write your name, student number, study program, course code, and the date in all your papers. Use of calculators is forbidden.