

1.

- a) Explain the term reactance reduction. (2p)
- b) What is a transfer zero? (2p)
- c) Explain the process of realising a lossless circuit when  $|S_{21}|^2$  is known. (2p)
- d) Why is the frequency response of a transmission line filter periodic? (2p)
- e) Draw a circuit that has a driving point impedance with a zero at the origin. (2p)

2.

a) Below you see three impedance functions. Which is the correct category for each of them: LC / RC / RL / non-PR? Explain your decision. (3p)

$$Z_1(s) = \frac{3s^2 + 3}{s^3 + 4s} \quad Z_2(s) = \frac{s^4 + 5s^2 + 10}{s^3 + 4s + 1} \quad Z_3(s) = \frac{s^2 + 2s}{s^2 + 4s + 3}$$

- b) How many components are required to realise the functions? For all realizable functions, explain how many components of each type are in canonical realization. (3p)
- c) Find a canonical realisation for function  $Z_3$ . (4p)

3.

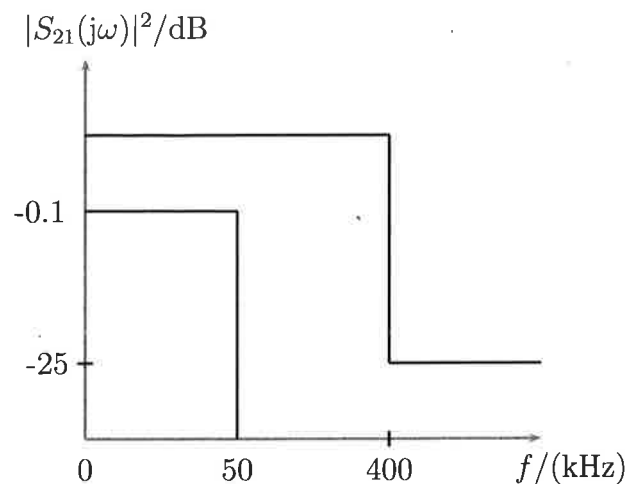
Realise the transfer function

$$Z_{21}(s) = \frac{Ks^2}{s^3 + 3s^2 + s + 2},$$

when the circuit is terminated in a  $1 \Omega$  resistance.

4.

- a) Design a matched Chebyshev lowpass filter that satisfies the specifications in the figure. The source resistance is  $100 \Omega$ .
- b) Sketch the frequency response of your filter onto the given specifications.
- c) At what frequency does the filter satisfy  $|S_{21}(j\omega)|^2 = -3 \text{ dB}$ ?



$$\hat{\omega}_p = \frac{1}{\cosh\left(\frac{1}{n} \operatorname{arcosh}\left(\frac{1}{\epsilon}\right)\right)}$$

$$n \geq \frac{\operatorname{arcosh}\left(\sqrt{\frac{10^{A_s/10} - 1}{10^{A_p/10} - 1}}\right)}{\operatorname{arcosh}(x)}$$

$$x = \hat{\omega}_s / \hat{\omega}_p$$