In the exam you may have your pens and pencils, a ruler and an eraser. On top of that you may have one A4 of notes. The rules for the note are: size A4, text on one side only, it must be hand-written, your name has to be on the top right corner of the note. Other materials, such as formulae books, calculators and tables, you may not have in the exam.

- 1. (visualization, 6 p.)
  - (a) What is the difference between a histogram and a bar plot? (Draw examples.) (2 p.)
  - (b) Give an example of a data set that you would visualize using a bar plot. Explain (using 1-2 sentences) why bar plot is a good choice for your example data. (2 p.)
  - (c) Give an example of a data set that you would visualize using a histogram. Explain (using 1-2 sentences) why histogram is a good choice for your example data. (2 p.)
- 2. (dependence, 6 p.) Consider independent and identically distributed (i.i.d.) bivariate observations  $(x_1, y_1), (x_2, y_2), ..., (x_n, y_n)$ .
  - (a) What type of dependence can be measured using Pearson correlation coefficient? (2 p.)
  - (b) What type of dependence can be measured using Spearman correlation coefficient? (2 p.)
  - (c) Give an example of a dependence type that can neither be detected using Pearson correlation coefficient nor using Spearman correlation coefficient, but that can be detected from a scatter plot. (2 p.)
- 3. (one sample sign test, 6 p.)
  - (a) Give the general statistical assumptions needed for applying one sample sign test. (2 p.)
  - (b) Give the null hypothesis and the two sided alternative hypothesis of the one sample sign test. (4 p.)

4. (multivariate linear regression, 6 p.)

Consider multivariate linear regression model

$$y_i = b_o + B^T x_i + \varepsilon_i, \quad i \in 1, ..., n,$$

where the elements of  $2 \times 1$  vector  $b_0$  and  $4 \times 2$  regression matrix B are unknown constants and the expected value of the residuals  $\varepsilon_i$  is  $E[\varepsilon_i] = 0$ .

- (a) What does variance inflation factor (VIF) measure? (1 p.)
- (b) Give the definition of VIF for the explanatory variable  $(x_i)_3$  and explain how it is calculated. (3 p.)
- (c) Explain how VIF can be used in selecting explanatory variables. (2 p.)