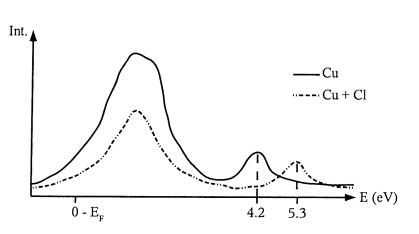
Examination

15.12.2003

- 1. Explain shortly what are the following surface science techniques and why they are surface sensitive
 - a) ARUPS
 - b) LEIS
 - c) AFM
- 2. Draw the following surface structures
 - a) Pt(100)-(2×4)-CO
 - b) $Ru(0001)-(\sqrt{3}\times\sqrt{3})R30^{\circ}-CO$
- 3. a) Explain what an I-V curve represents in LEED experiments and how it can be measured.
 - b) Why are experimental peaks in an I-V plot generally shifted from predictions using a free electron model of the surface?
- 4. The figure shows an inverse photoemission spectrum from the clean and Cl covered Cu surface.
 - a) Explain shortly how these measurements can be done.
 - b) For the clean surface, explain what the two peaks represent. What is significant about the shift of the smaller peak upon adsorption of C1?



- 5. The ammonia synthesis is one of the most studied surface reactions.
 - a) Write and name the individual reaction steps involved in the reaction on a catalyst surface.
 - b) What information has been obtained from the reaction with surface sensitive methods?