Exam 1.9.2006

S-72.1130 Telecommunication Systems

- 1. Indicate whether the following statements are TRUE or FALSE (for each statement, correct answer: 1p, wrong answer: -1p, no answer: 0p):
 - a) X.25 has more error correction overheads than Frame Relay.

b) In ISDN, 2B+D = 2*256 kb/s+32 kb/s

- c) E1 (2 Mbit/s PDH system) offers at least 30 TDM time slots for PCM traffic.
- d) Network Echo Canceller (NEC) is more effective than Network Echo Suppressor (NES)
- e) Intelligent peripheral (IP) can receive DTMF digits dialled by the user.

T) CSMA/CD is used in WLANs to avoid hidden terminal problem.

- g) Point Coordination Function realizes connection-oriented data paths
- h) Channel associated signaling can be used for signaling to/from a database.
- i) Message Transfer Part (MTP) level 3 takes care of subscriber signaling.
- j) The OSI Network layer takes care of end-to-end flow and error control.
- 2. Please answer the following questions using <u>not more than 50 words</u> per topic (subsequent words will be disregarded) and/or a figure: (2.5 p each)
 - a) Discuss how devices can be connected to FDDI (Station-attachment types).

b) Summarize functions of Line Interface Circuit (LIC).

- c) Describe the function of physical layer and name two protocols that work especially in this layer.
- d) Describe the functionalities of Digital Circuit Multiplexing Equipment (DCME).
- 3. Please answer the following questions using <u>not more than 50 words</u> per topic (subsequent words will be disregarded) and/or a figure: (2.5 p each)
 - a) Explain the principle of DMT.
 - b) What is the most important difference between TCP and UDP when QoS requirements of applications are concerned?
 - c) Service sets of 802.11.
 - d) What is the Fast Sync Byte? What kind of functionalities it carries?
- 4. Please explain the following as short as possible and using sequence diagrams: (5 p each)
 - a) Explain the main signaling events taking place when setting up a circuit-switched call in the PSTN, where the destination of the call depends on the time of the day (morning evening).
 - b) Explain the main signaling events taking place when setting up a mobile terminated call (MTC) in a GSM network.
- 5. Please answer the following questions using <u>not more than 50 words</u> per topic (subsequent words will be disregarded) and/or a figure: (2.5 p each)
 - a) Explain the hierarchical IPv4 address structure.
 - b) What is the purpose of using SCTP (Stream Control Transmission Protocol)?
 - c) Explain the difference between terminal and personal mobility.

d) How are ATM cells packed into STM-1 frames?