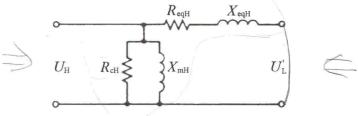
## **Exercises**

- 3) (8p) The voltage ratio of a three-phase transformer is 3800/380 and the connection of the windings is Y-Y. Tests are performed on the transformer and the following results are obtained:
  - Open circuit test (high-voltage side open, measurements from low-voltage side): $U_{\text{o.c.}}$  = 380 V,  $I_{\text{o.c.}}$  = 2.5 A,  $P_{\text{o.c.}}$  = 300 W.
  - Short circuit test (low-voltage side shorted, measurements from high-voltage side):  $U_{\text{s.c.}} = 260 \text{ V}$ ,  $I_{\text{s.c.}} = 4.55 \text{ A}$ ,  $P_{\text{s.c.}} = 645 \text{ W}$ .

Determine the parameters of the equivalent circuit shown in the figure referred on the high-voltage side.



- 4) (8p) A four-pole, squirrel-cage induction motor has a frequency of f = 60 Hz and a nominal speed n = 1710 rpm. The starting torque of the motor is  $T_{\text{start}} = 1.8$  p.u. Determine the maximum torque the motor can develop and the speed at which the motor develops the maximum torque. Accept that the full load (nominal) torque of the motor is  $T_{\text{fl}} = 1$  p.u..
- 5) (8p) A three-phase synchronous generator has the following nominal data: S = 2 MVA,  $U_1 = 11$  kV,  $n_s = 1800$  rpm,  $R_a = 1.5 \Omega$ ,  $X_s = 15 \Omega$ . The stator winding is connected into Y-connection. The generator is made to deliver the rated current at power factor  $\cos \varphi = 0.8$  lagging.
  - a) Determine the excitation voltage  $E_f$  at the rated condition.
  - b) Determine the maximum power  $P_{\text{max}}$  the generator can supply if the field current is kept constant.