Helsinki University of Technology Laboratory for Theoretical Computer Science Harri Haanpää

T-79.1002 Introduction to Theoretical Computer Science Y (2 cr) Exam Tue 12 May 2009, 4 a.m. - 7 p.m.

Write down on each answer sheet:

- Your name, department, and student number
- The text: "T-79.1002 Introduction to Theoretical Computer Science Y 12.5.2009"
- The total number of answer sheets you are submitting for grading
 - 1. Finite state automata.
 - (a) Let

$$L = \{ w \mid w = a_1 a_2 \dots a_n, n \ge 0, a_i \in \{0, 1\}, a_1 = a_3 = a_5 = \dots = 1 \}.$$

In other words, L consists of those binary strings that have 1s in odd-numbered positions. Describe L with a finite state automaton.

5 p.

(b) Let

$$L = \{w \mid w \in \{0,1\}^*, w \text{ contains an even number of 0s or exactly two 1s.}\}.$$

Describe L with a finite state automaton.

5 p.

- 2. Regular expressions.
 - (a) Let

$$L = \{ w \mid w = a_1 a_2 \dots a_n, n \ge 0, a_i \in \{0, 1\}, a_1 = a_3 = a_5 = \dots = 1 \}.$$

In other words, L consists of those binary strings that have 1s in odd-numbered positions. Describe L with a regular expression.

5 p.

(b) Let

$$L = \{w \mid w \in \{0,1\}^*, w \text{ contains an even number of 0s or exactly two 1s.}\}.$$

Describe L with a regular expression.

5 p.

3. A context-free language.

Let us examine the language $L = \{a^m b^n \mid m < n\}$.

- (a) Design a context-free grammar that generates the language L. 5 p.
- (b) Give the leftmost derivation and parse tree for the string aabbb. 5 p.
- 4. Regular languages

Let L be a regular alphabet over the alphabet Σ . Let $\Gamma \subseteq \Sigma$. Show that $L \cap \Gamma^*$ is regular.

(In other words, show that a regular language remains regular, if we remove some characters from its alphabet and all strings that contain one or more of the removed characters.)

10 p.

Total 40 p.