T-79.231 Concurrent and distributed parallel systems

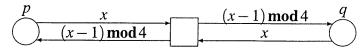
(3 cr)

Examination May 12, 2003

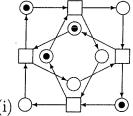
Marko Mäkelä

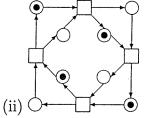
Submit at least one answer sheet, even if an empty one! Write onto *each* answer sheet you submit the information above, your name, student ID number, study programme, level, running number of the sheet and the total number of sheets you submit.

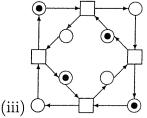
1. Nets



(a) The above picture depicts a high-level net whose initial marking has not been specified. The markings of the places are multi-sets of the set $\{0,1,2,3\}$. Which of the following place/transition systems corresponds to this net? (2p)







- (b) Copy the place/transition system to your answer sheet and label its places according to the places and values of the high-level net: $p_0, p_1, p_2, p_3, q_0, q_1, q_2, q_3$. Also label the transitions according to the values the variable x assumes. (2p)
- (c) Augment the high-level net with an initial marking corresponding to the place/transition system. (2p)
- 2. Construct the reachability graphs for all 3 place/transition systems of assignment 1. (6p)
- 3. Linear temporal logic (LTL)
 - (a) Which of the following executions (i)–(iv) satisfy the formula $p \to \Box p$? Explain. (2p)

 (i) $p \to Q$ (iii) $p \to Q$ (iv) $p \to P$
 - (b) Specify 4 LTL formulae, such that each one holds in exactly one of the above executions. Example: the executions (ii)-(iv) must reject the formula that holds in (i). (4p)
- 4. Reachability analysis
 - (a) Give examples of the applications for reachability analysis. (2p)
 - (b) Why does reachability analysis consume so much memory space? (2p)
 - (c) Present two methods of reducing the memory consumption. (2p)
- 5. Construct the incidence matrices of the 3 place/transition systems of assignment 1 and show with place invariants that the sum of the markings of the four "corner places" in each figure is constant.
- 6. Let there be two agents, $P := \alpha \cdot \beta \cdot P + \alpha \cdot \gamma \cdot P$ and $Q := \alpha \cdot (\beta \cdot Q + \delta \cdot Q + \epsilon \cdot Q)$.
 - (a) Construct the labelled transition systems that correspond to P and Q. (3p)
 - (b) Present a relabeling m that makes P and Q[m] trace equivalent. (3p)