

No calculators, no tables.

1. The function f is 2π -periodic and $f(x) = e^{-ix/2}$ for $-\pi \leq x \leq \pi$. Calculate the complex Fourier coefficients c_n of f .
2. a) Give a short explanation how to derive the formula for the complex Fourier coefficients c_n of a 2π -periodic function, using the orthogonality of the functions $e_n(x) = e^{inx}$ with respect to the inner product of L^2 .
b) Derive the formula $\widehat{u'(x)}(\xi) = i\xi \hat{u}(\xi)$, when $u: \mathbf{R} \rightarrow \mathbf{R}$ and u' are smooth and L^1 -integrable.
3. a) Show that the solution of $u'' + 2u' + u = f(x)$ has a Fourier representation of the form $\hat{u}(\xi) = \hat{f}(\xi)\hat{g}(\xi)$ for $f \in L^1(\mathbf{R})$ and

$$\hat{g}(\xi) = \frac{1}{(1 + i\xi)^2}.$$

- b) Determine $g(x)$ in some way and give a convolution formula for $u = u(x)$.
4. Let us consider a damped wave equation of the form

$$\begin{cases} u_{tt} + 2\alpha u_t = c^2 u_{xx}, & 0 < x < \pi, t > 0 \\ u(0, t) = 0, & t \geq 0 \\ u_x(\pi, t) = 0, & t \geq 0 \text{ (huomaa derivaatta!)} \\ u(x, 0) = f(x), & 0 \leq x \leq \pi \\ u_t(x, 0) = 0, & 0 \leq x \leq \pi, \end{cases}$$

where $0 < \alpha < c/2$. Using separation of variables, derive a (formal) solution formula

$$u(x, t) = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} e^{-\alpha t} (A_n \cos(\beta_n t) + B_n \sin(\beta_n t)) \sin(\lambda_n x),$$

determine the parameters λ_n , β_n and the coefficients A_n , B_n in terms of the function f .

Some formulas:

- $\widehat{f * g} = \hat{f}\hat{g}$, $\widehat{fg} = (2\pi)^{-n} \hat{f} * \hat{g}$.
- $\hat{h}(\xi) = 1/(a + i\xi)$, where $h(x) = H(x)e^{-ax}$, $a > 0$ and

$$H(x) = \begin{cases} 1, & x \geq 0 \\ 0, & x < 0. \end{cases}$$