## T-106.5300 Embedded Systems Exam

#### INSTRUCTIONS:

- No reference resources are permitted or required
- Read the entire exam before starting
- Stay in the scope of the question
- Answer all questions in any way possible.
- · Justifications and explanations are considered
- The time available for the exam is three hours
- The total point value of the exam is 110. You need 100 points to score 100%
- If you are an exchange student leaving the country very soon, or are graduating immediately, please write "GRADE FIRST" near your name on the answer sheet

# BACKGROUND INFORMATION FOR THE QUESTIONS: (Referred to as 'the system' or '<Exam Problem> system' in later mentions)

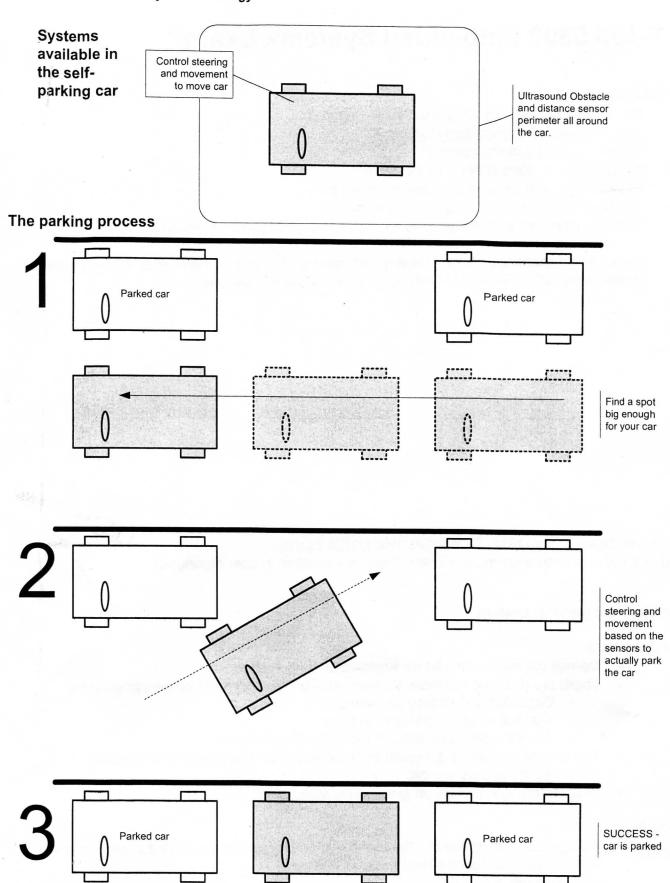
#### Automatic parking system

#### Known facts:

- Normal car equipped with an assisted parking system
- There are distance/obstacle sensors (at sides and corners) of the car used for:
  - Detecting a suitable parking spot
  - o The actual safe parking of the car
  - The sensors have enough range for the purposes
- The parking system is activated by a single button and operates completely automatically to park the car
- The parking system has an emergency stop button

#### Goals:

- Design a system to handle the automatic parking of the car. Use the sensors and controls provided on the next page as needed
- Park cars safely
- Avoid unnecessary complexity in the control system

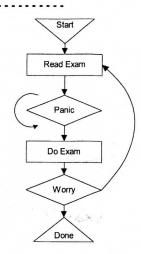


#### ----- THE EXAM STARTS BELOW -----

#### Kernels (40pts total)

NOTE: No fault tolerance or remote-control features are needed for this question

- 1.1. Draw the flowchart of the program structure to describe the operation and sequence of operation if the control system for the device described on the first page was built with a:
  - 1.1.1. polling kernel (10pt)
  - 1.1.2. interrupt kernel (10pt)
  - 1.1.3. process kernel (10pt)
- 1.2. Which of the above is best suited to implement the control system according to the goals listed in the beginning? Explain why? (10pt)



#### 2. Fault Tolerance (40pts total)

How could the control system in Question 1 be made more fault-tolerant? No remote-control features are needed for this question

- 2.1. Define fault-tolerance in general (4pt)
- 2.2. Briefly describe how you could use each of the following mechanisms to enhance fault-tolerance in the exam problem:
  - 2.2.1. Sanity checks (4pt)
  - 2.2.2. Fail-safe (4pt)
  - 2.2.3. Interlocks (4pt)
  - 2.2.4. Watchdog timer (4pt)
- 2.3. Briefly describe what changes are <u>reasonable and necessary</u> to the exam problem system to ensure a <u>basic</u> level of fault tolerance in normal operation. (10pt)
- 2.4. Which of the types of systems in Question 1 is best suited for these modifications? Describe and justify. (10pt)

#### 3. Remote control (10pts total)

- 3.1. What control system or related changes are needed to add remote control ability to the system in questions 1&2 (the physical method of remote controlling has been accomplished for you by unspecified means, ie. You have a black box)? (5pt)
- 3.2. How does that affect your choice in question 2.4? Describe and justify. (5pt)

### 4. General questions. Answer briefly: (20pts total)

- 4.1. What specific car hardware improvements would have made your programming tasks easier for the car project? (5pt)
- 4.2. Why is the Therac-25 case significant in the embedded systems field? (15pt)



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