

Exam May 16, 2011

No calculators or texts are allowed. Time for the exam is three hours.

1. Let $\mathbf{S} \in \mathbb{C}^{n \times n}$ be skew-Hermitian, i.e., $\mathbf{S}^* = -\mathbf{S}$.
 - a) Show that the eigenvalues of \mathbf{S} are purely imaginary.
 - b) Show that the Cayley transform: $\mathbf{Q} = (\mathbf{I} - \mathbf{S})^{-1}(\mathbf{I} + \mathbf{S})$ is unitary.
2. Assume $\mathbf{A} \in \mathbb{C}^{m \times n}$, $m \geq n$ has full rank. Consider the block system of equations

$$\begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{I} & \mathbf{A} \\ \mathbf{A}^* & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{r} \\ \mathbf{x} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{b} \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}.$$

Show that this system has a unique solution $\begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{r} \\ \mathbf{x} \end{bmatrix}$, and the vectors \mathbf{x} and \mathbf{r} are the solution and the residual, respectively, of the least squares problem: $\min_{\mathbf{x}} \|\mathbf{A}\mathbf{x} - \mathbf{b}\|_2$.

3. Assume $\mathbf{A}, \mathbf{B} \in \mathbb{R}^{n \times n}$ are symmetric and positive definite. Show that the 2-norm condition number satisfies
$$\kappa_2(\mathbf{A} + \mathbf{B}) \leq (\max \Lambda(\mathbf{A}) + \max \Lambda(\mathbf{B})) / (\min \Lambda(\mathbf{A}) + \min \Lambda(\mathbf{B})).$$
4. Let $\mathbf{A} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & \mathbf{I} \\ \mathbf{I} & 0 \end{bmatrix} \in \mathbb{R}^{2n \times 2n}$. Consider solving $\mathbf{A}\mathbf{x} = \mathbf{b}$ with the conjugate gradient method. Show that it will find the solution in two steps.
Hint: What does the method minimize?